Waste Plan Schedule of Main Modifications – Updated June 2018

Note: The schedule incorporates further Main Modifications proposed subsequent to the submission of WPDCC-55 (Waste Plan Schedule of Main Modifications – May 2018). The further proposed Main Modifications are shaded orange for ease of reference.

Modification Number	Para/Policy Of Pre- Submission Draft WP 2017	Change	Reason
Chapter 2: Co	ntext for waste	planning	Γ
MM2.1	Paragraph 2.17	Additional text as follows: 'Planning applications are judged against the statutory development plan, which includes the adopted Waste Plan, along with national policy <u>and any relevant local planning policy documents</u> .'	For clarification that planning applications will be judged against the Waste Plan, national policy and any relevant local planning policy documents.
MM2.2	Paragraph 2.13, second bullet point	Delete final sentence For the purposes of the Waste Plan, commercial and industrial waste includes agricultural waste i.e. all wastes that are discarded from agricultural premises except on-farm animal and plant wastes, which fall outside the scope of the Waste Plan.	To avoid confusion as farm wastes (such as slurry) are classified as waste development.

Chapter 3:	Guiding principles	S	
MM3.1	Paragraph 3.13	Amend paragraph as follows: 'The Waste Plan has established a suite of planning policies and site specific allocations for facilities to recycle, or recover or dispose of our waste in a sustainable manner, contributing towards the aim of a zero waste economy'	For clarification, there are no allocated sites for the disposal of waste.
MM3.2	Policy 1 – Sustainable waste management	Amend first paragraph of policy as follows: 'When considering development proposals, the Waste Planning Authority will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the National Planning Policy Framework. It will work proactively with applicants to promote the circular <u>economy and</u> find solutions which mean that proposals can be approved where appropriate to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area.'	To reflect the importance of the circular economy, one of the Plan's guiding principles.
MM3.3	Paragraph 3.22	Amend first sentence as follows: 'Co-location of waste management facilities with <u>complementary activities</u> end users of outputs from waste processing is also encouraged.'	For clarifiaction
Chapter 5:	Spatial Strategy		
MM5.1	Spatial Strategy	Amend paragraph titled Local recycling facilities, as follows: 'Several of Dorset's existing household recycling centres, transfer stations and waste management centres dealing with local authority collected waste are unsuitable and in need of improvement or relocation to bring them up to modern standards and/or serve growing local communities'	To clarify that the local recycling facilities referred to are facilities for local authority collected waste.
MM5.2	Spatial Strategy	Amendment paragraph titled Food waste treatment as follows: 'Food waste treatment – It is estimated that these may be a shortfall in energy recovery capacity for food waste of up to 57,000tpa 59,000tpa by the end of the Plan period.'	To reflect updated projections
MM5.3	Spatial Strategy	Amendment to paragraph titled Residual waste management as follows: 'Residual waste management – Landfill capacity in Dorset is diminishing and existing treatment capacity for residual waste is insufficient to meet our projected needs. At the end of the Plan period it	To reflect updated projections

		is estimated that there will be a shortfall of approximately 227,000tpa 232,000tpa of capacity for managing non-hazardous waste.	
MM5.4	Spatial Strategy	Amendment to paragraph titled Inert waste management as follows: 'Increased levels of inert waste arising in the Plan area, along with the expiration of temporary planning permissions for recycling and landfill, means that by the end of the Plan period there could be a shortfall in capacity for managing this type of waste. The estimated shortfall is around 272,000 tpa-235,000tpa of non-recycling capacity'	To reflect updated projections
MM5.5	Policy 3 – Sites allocated for waste management development	Amend policy as follows: 'The Waste Plan identifies Allocated Sites, as identified on the Policies Map, for waste management development to address the shortfall in waste management capacity and identified needs for new and improved waste management facilities, as set out in the Spatial Strategy. Proposals within the Allocated Sites, for the proposed uses set out in Insets 1 – 13 <u>12</u> , are acceptable in principle and will be permitted where it is demonstrated that they meet all of the following criteria:'	To clarify that Policy 3 links to the Spatial Strategy. Planning permission has been granted for the expansion of Gillingham STW. There is no need to allocate to the site in the Waste Plan - Update to reflect the deletion of Inset 12. To remove unnecessary text
MM5.6	Policy 3 – Sites allocated for waste management development	Amendment as follows: Inset 1 - <u>Area of search at</u> Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, Three Legged Cross	Update to reflect the fact that the allocated area is larger than the land required for waste facilities.

MM5.7	Policy 3 – Sites	Amendment as follows:	Update to reflect the fact that the
	allocated for	Inset 3 - <u>Land</u> Area of search at Brickfields Business Park, Gillingham	allocated area is
	waste	Inset 5 - Eand Alea of Search at Direktields Dusiness Fark, Chinighan	larger than the
	management		land required for
	development		a waste facility.
MM5.8	Policy 3 –	Amendment to remove allocated site as follows:	Planning
101013.0	Sites	Amendment to remove anocated site as follows.	permission has
	allocated for	The following sewage treatment works are is allocated for expansion of existing activities:	been granted for
	waste	The following sewage treatment works are is anotated for expansion of existing activities.	the expansion of
		Inset 12 – Gillingham Sewage Treatment Works, Common Mead Lane, Gillingham	Gillingham STW.
	management development	THE TZ - Chillingham Sewage Treatment Works, Common Weau Lane, Chillingham	There is no need
	development	Inset 13 12- Maiden Newton Sewage Works, south of Maiden Newton'	to allocate to the
		Inset +3 12- Maiden Newton Sewage Works, south of Maiden Newton	site in the Waste
			Plan - Update to
			reflect the
			deletion of Inset
			12.
MM5.9	Dorograph	Amond noregraph on follows	
1011013.9	Paragraph 6.11	Amend paragraph as follows:	To provide clarification
	0.11	In the event that there are suitably leasted Alleasted Cites but there are not evailable or are	clarification
		'In the event that there are suitably located Allocated Sites but these are not available or are	
MM5.10	Dellay 4	otherwise unsuitable for the proposal'	
MIN5.10	Policy 4 –	Amend criterion a. as follows:	To provide
	Applications	(a there is no exitable effected site conclude of excitable site effected for somion the words	clarification
	for waste	'a. there is no suitable allocated site capable of available site allocated for serving the waste	
	management	management need that the proposal is designed to address or the non-allocated site provides	
	facilities not	advantages over the allocated site;'	
	allocated in		
	the Waste		
	Plan		
MM5.11	Policy 3 –	Insert additional text:	To provide
	Sites		clarification
	allocated for		
	waste	The following site is also allocated for the development of a facility for the management of	
		bulky waste:	

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	management development	Inset 1 – An area of	f search a	t Woolsbrid	ge Industr	ial Estate	, Three Legge	ed Cross'	
MM5.12	Policy 4 – Applications for waste management facilities not allocated in the Waste Plan	Amend paragraph as follows: In the case of composting and anaerobic digestion, <u>Waste management facilities proposals</u> may be suitable within an agricultural setting where the proposed use and scale is compatible with the setting, and provides opportunities to utilise outputs from the process in the locality <u>and provides</u> advantages over the locations specified in criteria $e - g$.						To ensure the Plan is compatible with National Planning Policy for Waste	
Chapter 7:	Forecasts and the	need for new facilit	ies						
MM7.1	New Paragraph after 7.2		le nature site alloc	of the waste				n this chapter. This leads to eams and react to the	To provide clarification
MM7.2	Box after paragraph 7.8	Amend as follows:	ollected w	vaste in Bo	urnemout	h, Dorse	t and Poole i	s projected to grow at an	To reflect updated projections
MM7.3	Box after paragraph 7.8	Amend as follows:		waste is pr	roiected to	grow at a	an average ra	te of: 1.2% 1.4%'	To reflect updated projections
MM7.4	Table 2	Amend table as follo Table 2 Total Waste	ows:	·		<u>g</u> ren ar			To reflect updated projections
		2	2015 /16	2018 /19	2023 <mark>/24</mark>	2028 <mark>/29</mark>	20 <mark>32/</mark> 33		
		Municipal	87,000				44 9,000 453,000		
		Commercial & Industrial Waste* 4	47,000	161,000 168,000	4 92,000 497,000		555,000 572,000		

		Total 834,000 855,000 906,000 954,000 1,004,000 Total 862,000 911,000 965,000 1,025,000 Total Waste Arisings (tpa) * It has not always been possible to directly compare capacity and waste arisings as some existing facilities are capable of managing recyclates and/or residual waste	
MM7.5	Paragraph 7.10	Amend paragraph as follows: 'The total waste arisings in Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole are estimated to grow by approximately 170,000 191,000 tonnes per annum (tpa) by the end of the Plan period'.	To reflect updated projections
MM7.6	New Paragraph after 7.16	Insert additional paragraph as follows: 'There are two dirty materials recovery facilities, Canford Recycling Centre and SUEZ at Mannings Heath Industrial Estate, that currently manage waste from the commercial and industrial sector. This can be recyclates or residual waste, or a combination of both. A degree of judgement is needed when making assumptions about the apportionment of capacity between recyclates and residual waste as these facilities tend to be flexible and the waste managed can change to reflect market conditions or contracts. Hence these sites may contribute towards managing recyclates. For the purposes of this Plan Mannings Heath is allocated for non-hazardous waste management, so its existing recycling capacity has not been accounted for,	
MM7.7	Paragraph 7.17	Delete first paragraph and amend as follows: <u>'There are two MRFs in Poole that currently deal mainly with waste from the commercial and industrial sector: Canford Recycling Centre and SUEZ at Mannings Heath Industrial Estate. A MRFfacility at Binnegar Environmental Park, near Wareham, provides additional capacity; however this site is currently not in operation. There is also a cardboard recycling facility in Poole.'</u>	Delete repetition
MM7.8	New Paragraph after 7.19	Insert additional paragraph as follows: <u>'In addition, there are a number of sites within the Plan area that act as transfer facilities with limited</u> <u>sorting capabilities for recyclates and residual waste from the commercial sector. These facilities</u> <u>perform a helpful function facilitating the onward movement of recyclates for further treatment and</u> <u>reprocessing. This capacity has not been counted in our existing capacity assessment (Table 3) as</u> <u>accurately apportioning capacity between recycling or residual waste is not possible and</u> <u>because their use in pushing waste up the hierarchy is limited.'</u>	To provide clarification and appropriately reflect the range of facilities available in the Plan area for the

								management of waste.		
MM7.9	Paragraph 7.20	Amend paragraph as follow		To reflect updated						
		'The amount of materials c						projections		
		almost 80,000 90,000 toni a significant potential shor								
		assuming one of the two p								
		capacity for managing recy						rtfall		
		in capacity available for ma	anaging recyc	clates during the	e Plan period	. This is assur	ning that one o	f		
		the permitted material reco								
MM7.10	Table 3	Replace existing Table 3 w	ith the follow	ing amended v	ersion:			To reflect		
		Table 3 Capacity and Need	d Poovoling	(tpp)				updated projections and		
		Table 5 Capacity and Need	u – necycling	(ipa)				to ensure that		
			<u>2015</u>	<u>2018</u>	2023	2028	<u>2033</u>	Plan		
		Projected arisings / Need	340,000	358,000	379,000	403,000	430,000	appropriately reflect the range		
			107,000	107,000	177,000	160,000	160,000	of facilities		
			-233,000	-251,000	-202,000	-243,000	-270,000	available in the		
		Potential MRF capacity						Plan area for the		
		Note that total capacity is						management of waste.		
		shown in both recyclates						Waste.		
		and residual waste for	1		1					
		illustrative purposes only.		<u>c.150,000</u>	<u>c.150,000</u>	<u>c.150,000</u>	<u>c.150,00</u>			
MM7.11	New Paragraph	Insert additional paragraph	as follows:					To ensure that Plan		
	after Table 3	'There is potential capacity	at Canford F	Recycling Centr	e amounting	to about 150 (00 toa that ma			
		after Table 3 <u>'There is potential capacity at Canford Recycling Centre amounting to about 150,000 tpa that may</u> also be available to manage recyclates, which could partly address the identified shortfall. As this								
		site could also manage res	idual waste,	this potential ca	apacity is sho	wn separately	in Table 3. As	of facilities		
		explained in paragraph xx								
		transfer and limited sorting						Plan area for the		
		shortfall. Table 3 shows that Plan period. It is assumed								
		addressing this need, along					TIDEU ADUVE AIG			

MM7.12	New	Insert additional paragra	aph as follo	ows:					To provide
	paragraph								clarification that
	after 7.21	'In addition, Insets 7 to 1	<u>10 are exis</u>	ting waste ma	anagement fa	cilities alloc	ated for intensific	<u>ation</u>	allocated sites
		including the manageme	ent of non-	hazardous wa	aste. This cou	ild include t	he management of	of	could contribute
		recyclates.'					-		to the
									management of
									recyclates.
MM7.13	Identified	Additional sentence to the	he end of p	paragraph as	follows:				To provide
	Need 1			0 1					clarification that
		'Insets 7 to 10 also mak	e provisior	n for the mana	agement of no	on-hazardou	us waste, which co	ould	allocated sites
		include the managemen							could contribute
		g							to the
									management of
									recyclates.
MM7.14	Table 4	Update projected arising	ns/need – (Green waste	(tpa) in 2018 ;	as follows:			To reflect
			<i>y</i> o,		(()) = 0 : 0				updated
		' 90,000 91,000'							projections
MM7.15	Paragraph	Additional sentence to the	he end of r	paragraph as	follows:				To reflect the
	7.48			oulugiupii uo					most up to date
	/	'Planning permission als	so exists fo	or an additiona	al AD plant at	Parley Thi	s capacity has no	t been	position.
		included in our assessm							pooliioni
		facility will not be built a							
		site.'					nanagomont laon		
MM7.16	Paragraph	Amend paragraph as fo	llows:						To reflect
1011017.10	7.50	Amena paragraph as lo	10003.						updated
	7.50	'The amount of food was	ste arisina	s suitable for	troatmont is n	violected to	increase by		projections
		about 16,000 <u>18,000</u> tor					increase by		projections
MM7.17	Table 6	Update table as follows:				n penou.			To reflect
1011017.17	I able 0	opuale lable as follows:	•						updated
			00/5	00/0					projections
			2015	2018	2023	2028	2033		projections
		Projected arisings /		70,000	74,000	78,000	83,000		
			67,000	71,000	75,000	80,000	85,000		
			,			30,000			
		Permitted/operational							
		recovery capacity	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000		

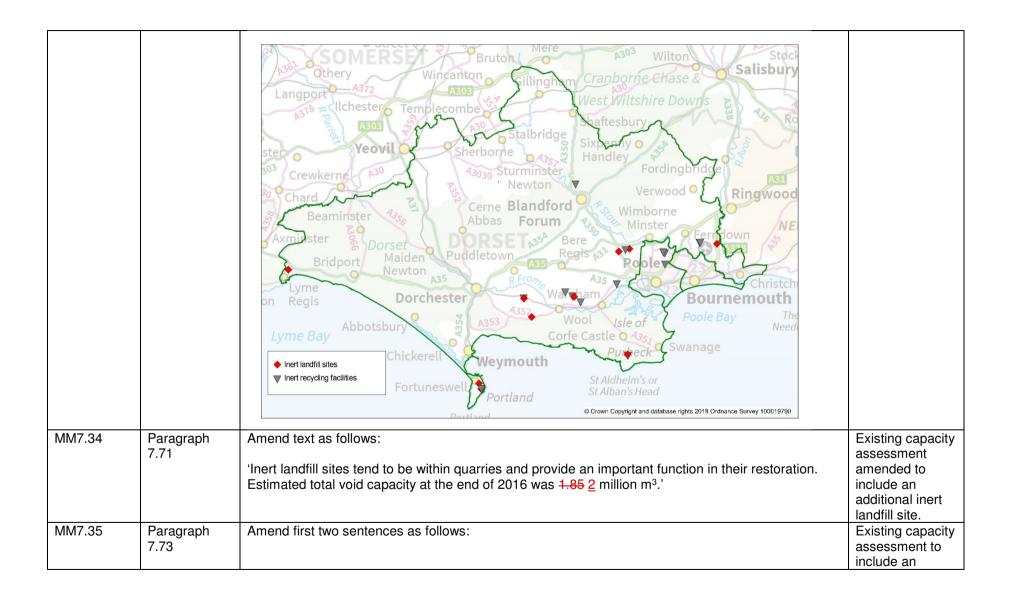
		Identified shortfall	-42,000	-44,000 -45,000	-4 8,000 -49,000	- 52,000 -54,000	-57,000 -59,000		
MM7.18	Paragraph 7.52	Amend paragraph as fol 'The recovery of organic Waste Plan allows for th for the management of f management facilities al waste. This could includ	waste is e is through ood waste located for	a criteria bas will be monit	sed policy (see cored. <u>In additi</u> on including th	e Chapter 9 ion, Insets 7). The operationa ' to 10 are existing	l capacity g waste	To provide clarification that allocated sites could contribute to the management of organic waste.
MM7.19	Identified Need <u>8-6</u>	Additional sentence to the 'Insets 7 to 10 also make include the management	ne end of p e provision	earagraph as	follows:	n-hazardou	s waste, which co	buld	To provide clarification that allocated sites could contribute to the management of organic waste.
MM7.20	Paragraph 7.55	Amend paragraph as fol 'Residual waste arising i stations, recovery faciliti	n Dorset is			gh a combin	ation of <u>transfer</u>		To provide clarification
MM7.21	Paragraph 7.58	Amend paragraph as fol 'A proportion of residual <u>Dorset</u> facility in Slough to the end of the contrac	lows: waste aris It has bee	ings from Po en assumed t	ole is sent to				Update to reflect the most up to date position.
MM7.22	Paragraph 7.59	Amend forth sentence a 'It is hoped expected the RDF/SRF arising within manage pre-treated was	nd add add hat this fao the Plan a	ditional parag	developed dur	ing the Plan	period to manag		To provide clarification
MM7.23	New paragraphs after 7.59	Insert additional paragra <u>'As referred to in paragra</u> <u>facilities in Poole to mar</u>	aph xx, pla	nning permis					To ensure that Plan appropriately reflect the range of facilities

		other non-hazardous As explained earlier, manage waste from or a combination of k hazardous waste ma In addition, there are sorting capabilities. T sector. These facilities for further treatment. since such facilities k been included in the	Canford Red the commerce ooth. For the magement, so a number of These facilitie es perform a Existing cap nave a limited assessment	uding residua cycling Centro cial and indus purposes of t to its existing f sites within t es manage re helpful function bacity in such d function in p	I waste, subje e and SUEZ a trial sector. Th this Plan Mani capacity has the Plan area cyclates and i on facilitating facilities amo	ct to satisfying t t Mannings Hea his can be recyc hing Heath is all not been accour that act as trans residual waste fi the onward mov unts to some 13	lates or residual waste, ocated for non- nted for.	available in the Plan area for the management of waste.
MM7.24	Paragraph 7.62	Amend second senter The amount of res approximately 52,000	sidual waste	arisings suita				To reflect updated projections
MM7.25	Table 7	Replace existing Tab Table 7 Capacity and	ble 2 with the	following am	ended version	ו:		To reflect updated projections
			2015	2018	2023	2028	2033	
		Capacity	<u>300,000</u>	<u>304,000</u>	<u>320,000</u>	<u>339,000</u>	<u>359,000</u>	
		(recovery and landfill) all facilities	214,000	167,000	142,000	125,000	125,000	
		Identified shortfall		<u>-137,000</u>	· 	<u>-214,000</u>	<u>-234,000</u>	
		Potential MRF capacity Note that total capacity is						
			<u>c.150,000</u>	<u>c.150,000</u>	<u>c.150,000</u>	<u>c.150,000</u>	<u>c.150,000</u>	

		recyclates and residual waste for illustrative purposes only.	
MM7.26	New Paragraph after 7.65	Inset new paragraph as follows: <u>'As explained in this chapter, there may be the potential for additional residual waste</u> <u>management capacity to come forward on sites previously designed for the management of</u> <u>recyclates. Potential capacity amounting to circa 150,000 tpa (at Canford Recycling Centre) ma</u> <u>also be available to deal with residual waste. This potential capacity is shown separately in Tabl</u> <u>7. This is firstly because the site could also manage recyclates and secondly because waste</u> <u>managed would currently require onward transfer for further treatment.</u>	
MM7.27	Paragraph 7.66	Delete paragraph Alternatively, facilities outside the Plan area would need to be relied upon for managing majority Dorset, Bournemouth and Poole's residual waste. There is no guarantee that such facilities have capacity to manage our projected arisings (aside from the two recovery facilities we already have contracts with). This would also go against the guiding principles of proximity, whereby waste st be managed as closely as possible to where it is produced, and self-sufficiency. The capacity of facilities for the treatment of residual waste in England, particularly in the south, will be kept under review. If it appears that there are facilities with surplus capacity that could deal with Dorset's residual waste, this option will be considered in the context of cost and impacts of transporting waste. The Waste Infrastructure Delivery Programme (WIDP) was set up to address the expect shortfall in residual waste treatment capacity needed in order for England to meet its share of the UK's Landfill Directive targets. As part of monitoring progress towards meeting EU Landfill Direct targets, it has been estimated that sufficient residual waste treatment infrastructure is coming forward to meet our Directive obligations. Other reports suggest that constructing new waste processing plants is held back because of a lack of available finance, which could have an impa- treatment capacity. The capacity of facilities for the treatment of residual waste in England, particularly in the south, will be kept under review. If it appears that there are facilities with surpl- capacity that could deal with Dorset's residual waste, this option will be considered in the contex- cost and impacts of transporting waste. Whilst this does not sit well with the aim of self sufficient makes little sense to build additional facilities where existing facilities have surplus capacity.	e-the section e- e- e- e- e- e- e- e- e- e- e- e- e-

MM7.28	Paragraph 7.67	Amend first, second and third sentences of this section as follows: 'The Waste Plan allocates three specific sites for the provision of new facilities for the management of residual waste, plus additional capacity at the existing MBT facility at Canford Magna (Insets 7 to 10). Total potential capacity within the four Allocated Sites <u>amounts to some 385,000</u> <u>tpa.</u> exceedings the identified needs of the Plan area. However, this approach ensures that the Plan remains flexible in the event that one or more of the allocations <u>cannot does not</u> come forward <u>for</u> <u>the treatment of residual waste</u> '	To reflect updated figures on capacity derived from a review of the potential opportunities for managing different waste streams within the Plan area.
MM7.29	Identified Need 7	Amend first sentence as follows: 'There could be a shortfall of approximately <u>232,000tpa</u> 227,000tpa in capacity for managing non- hazardous residual waste at the end of the Plan period'	To reflect updated projections
MM7.30	New Paragraph following Identified Need 8	New paragraph as follows: <u>'If new facilities are not brought forward in Dorset, facilities outside the Plan area would need to be</u> <u>relied upon for managing large quantities of Dorset, Bournemouth and Poole's residual waste. There</u> <u>is no guarantee that such facilities have the capacity to manage our projected arisings (aside from</u> <u>the two recovery facilities we already have contracts with)</u> . This would also go against the guiding <u>principles of proximity, whereby waste should be managed as closely as possible to where it is</u> <u>produced, and self-sufficiency</u> . The capacity of facilities for the treatment of residual waste in <u>England, particularly in the south, will be kept under review. If it appears that there are facilities with</u> <u>surplus capacity that could deal with Dorset's residual waste, this option will be considered in the</u> <u>context of cost and impacts of transporting waste. Whilst this does not sit well with the aim of self</u> <u>sufficiency, it makes little sense to build additional facilities where existing facilities have surplus</u> <u>capacity.'</u>	Paragraph has been moved from an earlier section.
MM7.31	Box following paragraph 7.69	Amend text within box as follows: 'Inert waste is projected to grow at an average annual rate of 3.7%-3.1% This is based on the assumption that inert waste arisings will grow in line with projected growth in Value Added for the construction sector. Growth in the construction sector is projected using the	The forecasts for inert waste have been updated to reflect the latest available Local Economic

		Local Economic Forecasting Model (20152016/17), based on a 'planned growth scenario' (taking into account planned housing growth from adopted local plans). Recycling rate: It is assumed that 80% of inert waste arisings will be recycled.'	Forecasting Model (2016/17).
MM7.32	Paragraph 7.70	Amend paragraph as follows: 'There is a relatively good network of facilities in the Plan area for managing inert waste materials, comprising both recycling operations and landfill sites. There are 23 25 sites managing inert waste, nine ten of which are inert landfill sites and fourteen fifteen of which are recycling facilities. Together they provide just under 990,000 3 million tpa of capacity (around 8060% of which is recycling capacity). There is also an additional permission for inert landfill that is not operational. The Waste Planning Authority is also aware of other active mineral sites where inert material may be required for restoration, providing additional recovery capacity (subject to planning permission).'	To provide clarification and reflect the most up to date position.
MM7.33	Figure 6 – Existing inert waste facilities	Update map to include three additional sites and to remove one site reclassified as transfer.	To reflect latest situation



		'There are fourteen fifteen inert waste recycling just over 796,000-910,000 tpa. Just over 60% h the permanent facilities are co-located with oth	alf of the re	cycling facil	ities are p			additional recycling facility.	
MM7.36	Paragraph 7.74	Amend text as follows: 'Total existing recycling capacity is around 796 <u>under 580,000tpa around 500,000tpa</u> , suggest existing facilities.'	. ,000-<u>910,00</u>	00 tpa, while	st annual t			Existing capacity assessment to include an additional recycling facility.	
MM7.37	Paragraph 7.75	Amend text as follows: 'It is assumed that the recycling capacity will re At the end of the Plan period, the remaining re- no new facilities are brought forward.'						Existing capacity assessment to include an additional recycling facility.	
MM7.38	Paragraph 7.76	Amend text as follows: 'The amount of inert waste arisings that require annual rate of 3.7 <u>3.1</u> %. Over 1.3 <u>1.2</u> million to end of the Plan period.'						The forecasts for inert waste have been updated to reflect the latest available Local Economic Forecasting Model (2016/17).	
MM7.39	Table 8	Replace existing Table 8 with the following amTable 8 Capacity and Need – Inert waste (tpa)	ended versi	on:				To reflect revised forecasts (based on the updated Local	
			<u>2016</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2028</u>	<u>2033</u>	Economic	
		Total projected arisings of inert waste	<u>691,000</u>	<u>711,400</u>	<u>847,400</u>	<u>998,000</u>	<u>1,175,800</u>	Forecasting Model) and	
		Projected arisings expected to be recycled	<u>552,800</u>	<u>569,100</u>	<u>677,900</u>	<u>798,400</u>	<u>940,700</u>	revised capacity	
		Permitted capacity (recycling)	<u>914,100</u>	<u>914,100</u>	<u>429,100</u>	<u>399,100</u>	<u>399,100</u>	assessment.	
		Identified surplus/shortfall (recycling)	<u>361,300</u>	<u>345,000</u>			<u>-541,500</u>		
		Projected arisings for recovery/disposal	<u>138,200</u>	<u>142,300</u>	<u>169,500</u>	<u>199,600</u>	<u>235,200</u>		
		Remaining permitted landfill void		1,731,800		125,000	<u>0</u>		
		Identified surplus/shortfall (non-recycling)	2,547,800	<u>1,589,600</u>	252,900	<u>-74,600</u>	<u>-235,200</u>		

MM7.40	Paragraph	Amend final sentence as follows:	Update
	7.82	The need for recycling capacity later in the Plan period is also partly met through the allocation of	
		the White's Pit recycling facility in the Mineral Sites Plan (Inset 8 of the Mineral Sites Plan) as a	
		permanent facility (Inset Map RA01 of the Mineral Sites Plan).'	
MM7.41	New	Insert new paragraph following paragraph 7.83 as follows:	To provide
	Paragraph		information on
	after 7.83	'An initial assessment has been made to determine how much potential capacity for managing inert	additional ways
		waste could be available through the restoration of sites allocated in the Mineral Sites Plan.	that the capacity
		Responses were received in relation to most sites. The potential within these sites could be in	gap can be
		excess of 4.5 million tonnes, with one additional operator suggesting that two sites alone could	addressed.
		address a substantial proportion of the shortfall. These figures should be treated with extreme	
		caution as it will very much depend on further consideration of appropriate restoration schemes and	
		the impacts of importing material onto sites. However, subject to planning consent, the information	
		suggests that there are plenty of opportunities for the recovery of inert waste within the Plan period.'	
Chapter 8 F			
MM8.1	Para 8.5	Add an additional sentence to the end of paragraph as follows:	For clarification
		This can be derived from local authority collected waste or mixed wastes contained in skips from	
		the building trade.'	
MM8.2	Para 8.12	Addition of text to the end of paragraph as follows:	To provide
			clarification
		Shredded bulky waste may need to be mixed with black bag waste in order to prepare RDF or SRF.	
		Facilities producing RDF or SRF would be classed as recovery facility and therefore would need to	
		comply with the relevant criteria of Policy 6 'Recovery Facilities.'	
MM8.3	Para 8.1	Add additional text to the end of the paragraph:	To include
		'Nationally, the current target for recycling set by the Waste Framework Directive is 50% by 2020.	information on
		The introduction of the 2018 Circular Economy package sets municipal waste recycling targets of	national/EU
		<u>55% by 2025, 60% by 2030 and 65% by 2035.</u>	recycling targets.
Chapter 9 F			
MM9.1	Identified	Amend text within Identified Need 7 as follows:	To reflect
	Need 7		updated
		'Identified Need 7: We estimate that there could be a shortfall of approximately 227,000tpa	projections
		232,000tpa in capacity for managing non-hazardous residual waste at the end of the Plan period'	

MM9.2	Para 9.26	Amend paragraph as follows: 'It is estimated that there could be a shortfall of approximately 227,000tpa 232,000tpa in capacity for managing non-hazardous residual waste at the end of the Plan period. This shortfall is addressed through the allocation of four sites for the management of non-hazardous waste, through the intensification or re-development of existing facilities (see Insets 7-10).'	To reflect updated projections and for clarification
MM9.3	Para 9.27	Amend paragraph as follows: 'The Waste Plan allocates suitable sites for the provision of facilities for the management of non- hazardous waste which are considered acceptable for a range of waste recovery technologies. <u>This</u> <u>could include recycling of non-hazardous waste</u> . Policy 3 sets out the Allocated Sites, with details provided in the Insets (see Appendix 3).'	To provide clarification of the potential uses for allocated sites.
MM9.4	Para 9.29	Amend paragraph as follows: 'Proposals for unallocated sites will need to demonstrate that Allocated Sites are not suitable available in accordance with Policy 4'	To provide clarification
MM9.5	Para 9.30	Amend paragraph as follows: 'Applications for recovery facilities should accord with Policy 6. An explanation of how the proposal supports the delivery of the spatial strategy and addresses the needs of the Plan area should be provided. Proposals should also and should show how proposals they will provide for the use of low- carbon energy onsite and offsite, where there is surplus energy generation.'	To provide clarification
Chapter 10	Disposal		
MM10.1	Para 10.19	Amend paragraph as follows: 'This gives a potential non-hazardous landfill requirement of up to <u>88,000tpa</u> <u>89,000tpa</u> during the Plan period. Safeguarding will ensure that the Waste Planning Authority is consulted on applications for non-mineral development in the vicinity of the existing landfill sites which could have an impact on future operations (see Chapter 13). This approach should ensure that landfill capacity is available locally, should the need arise, during much of the Plan period.'	Update to reflect updated projections.
MM10.2	Para 10.20	Amend third sentence as follows: 'To encourage self-sufficiency, both sites are safeguarded until expiry of their planning permissions-throughout the Plan period.'	To reflect the remaining capacity within

			permitted landfill sites.
MM10.3	Para 10.2	<u>'The introduction of the 2018 Circular Economy package sets a requirement to reduce the amount of municipal waste being landfilled to a maximum of 10% by 2035.</u>	To reflect up to date EU targets.
MM10.4	Policy 7	Amend final paragraph as follows: <u>'In the case of landfill, gas should be used and as an energy source'</u>	Туро
MM10.5	Policy 8	Amend criterion c. as follows: 'they will not prejudice the restoration of existing or permitted mineral or waste sites.'	For clarification
Chapter 11	Other waste and		
MM11.1	Para 11.30	Amend first sentence as follows: 'A work programme of decommissioning, restoration and closure is being undertaken by Magnox, who are working to achieve an interim-end-state (IES) by 2023 before the end of the Plan period.'	To reflect the latest proposal.
MM11.2	Para 11.30, 4 th sentence	Amend fourth sentence as follows: 'The <u>NDA's</u> preferred IES is that the majority of the site is restored to natural heathland, with public access and the possibility of some commercial development where appropriate.' Additional sentence as follows:	To provide clarification
	_	'The Waste Planning Authority supports this approach to restoration of the site.'	
MM11.3	Para 11.32	Additional sentence following 1 st sentence, as follows: <u>'Magnox has indicated that in its preferred option some foundations/structures may be retained in</u> <u>the ground (in-situ), whilst some waste arising from the dismantling and decommissioning of the site</u> <u>may be managed on site (subject to the necessary approvals).</u> '	To provide clarification
MM11.4	Para 11.35	Amend second sentence as follows: <u>'The LLWR is a finite resource and T</u> through the service framework Magnox can access a variety of treatment and diversion <u>facilities options</u> , which may include some in-situ <u>retention and/or on site</u> <u>disposal of LLW</u> disposal that minimises the reliance <u>on the LLWR</u> this nationally important asset.'	To provide clarification
MM11.5	Para 11.36	Amend first sentence as follows:	To provide clarification

		'It is the intention of Magnox that HAW (<u>comprising</u> ILW) and LLW not suitable for in-situ <u>on-site</u> disposal or disposal at the LLWR will be moved off-site.'	
MM11.6	Para 11.39	Amend fifth sentence as follows: 'This may also include the back-filling of some sub-surface voids with <u>waste arising on site on-site</u> waste or other material.'	To provide clarification
MM11.7	Para 11.40	Amend paragraph as follows: 'In-situ <u>retention disposal</u> and on-site recovery or disposal of waste could help to support the overarching waste management principles of the Plan, but should not compromise the restoration of the site to a condition to achieve IES or FES. The disposal of waste <u>arising from the</u> <u>decommissioning of Winfrith</u> on site should be restoration-led, enabling the land to be used more effectively for another use, and should use the minimum amount of waste to achieve the stated purpose. Consequently, waste that is not classified as inert would be expected to be managed off- site at a suitable licensed facility where this is the most practicable way of achieving IES or FES, <u>unless recovery or disposal on site is demonstrated to support the waste hierarchy and proximity</u> <u>principle; it would not compromise the intended site restoration and afteruse and would not lead to</u> <u>unacceptable adverse impacts on the environment and amenity</u> . Notwithstanding this, the Waste Planning Authority recognises that that there may be situations where off-site treatment/disposal routes would not offer any practical environmental benefits and the quantity/nature of material would not compromise the intended afteruse of the site, either at IES or FES, or lead to any unacceptable environmental impacts.'	To provide clarification regarding the potential for onsite recovery or disposal of non inert wastes.
MM11.8	Para 11.41	Amend first sentence and add additional sentence at end of paragraph: 'It is possible that to achieve IES The WPA recognises that Magnox is considering proposals to leave some sub-structures in the ground and/or dispose of LLW in some 'islands' of the site will need to be retained in-situ and-which would then remain under radioactive substances regulation until FES is achieved. Magnox's intention is that this should not undermine the overall intent of returning the majority of the site to heathland with public access. The Waste Planning Authority seeks to	To provide clarification regarding Magnox's proposals and the WPA's position.

		ensure that the site will be restored to open heathland with public access and that FES will be achieved at the earliest practicable opportunity.'	
MM11.9	Para 11.44	Deletion of first and last sentence and addition of two paragraphs, as follows:	To provide a clear explanation of the WPA's
		'The Waste Planning Authority intends to prepare a supplementary planning document in partnership with Magnox to provide a structured framework that will assist with the interpretation and implementation of decommissioning in accordance with Policy 10 and other relevant policies of this plan. Effective engagement between Magnox and local authorities, regulators and communities and robust and transparent environmental assessment (including risk assessment) and monitoring arrangements will be critical. This will help to secure acceptable levels of public confidence and support that the restoration and the next use of the site is in the public interest, both in the short term and for future generations. This will require a comprehensive approach to the wider decommissioning programme so that matters such as Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) can properly inform planning decisions relating to the decommissioning programme. A comprehensive approach for the site which sets out the decommissioning programme, including phasing priorities, would be of great value and will inform both the EIA and the supplementary planning document.	expectations with regards to the provision of a masterplan, in order to assist with the interpretation of Policy 10. To clarify that the preparation of an SPD will be if it is
		The Waste Planning Authority would advocate the preparation of a masterplan as an effective tool for providing a clear and consistent framework for waste management development required during decommissioning of the site. This would be an iterative document that is kept up-to-date as decommissioning progresses and should include:	considered necessary.
		 a) plans showing the layout and details of all structures and sub-structures of the site to be subject to decommissioning, above and below ground for the whole site b) the types and quantities of wastes arising from Winfrith and requiring management, including details of any planned waste management facilities where needed; c) the likely timing of waste management development required to enable decommissioning at the site; d) the range of habitats to be created in restoring areas subject to waste management, and how they will relate to the site as a whole and public access to it; and e) an explanation of how Environmental Impact Assessment requirements associated with the decommissioning project are to be managed in support of any subsequent waste-related planning applications. 	

		Consideration will be given to the preparation of a supplementary planning document (SPD), in partnership with the site license holder and the local planning authority, if this is considered necessary to assist with the implementation of decommissioning in accordance with Policy 10 and other relevant policies of this Plan. The SPD will be informed by the masterplan.	
MM11.10	Policy 10	Amend Policy as follows: 'The Waste Planning Authority will work <u>constructively</u> with <u>Magnox</u> , <u>Purbeck District Council the site</u> <u>license holder</u> , the Local Planning Authority, statutory regulatory bodies_and the local community to support <u>decommissioning the restoration</u> of the former Winfrith <u>Nn</u> uclear <u>Rr</u> esearch and <u>Ddevelopment Ffacility to its end state of and restoration</u> to open heathland with public access. <u>where this does not conflict with any on-going management responsibilities</u> . In <u>fulfilling this role</u> <u>determining planning applications for waste management development at the former Winfrith nuclear</u> <u>research and development facility</u> , the Waste Planning Authority will have regard to the following objectives:	To remove reference to specific organisations and provide clarification.
		 a. For any waste disposal that is not destined for appropriate nuclear or other specialist off-site treatment or disposal routes, comprising principally inert waste, consideration should be given to <u>The</u> on-site reuserecovery or disposal of waste originating from the decommissioning of the Winfrith facility will be permitted where it would <u>demonstrably</u> support the site's restoration to open heathland and public access, be in conformity with the waste hierarchy and the proximity principle on condition that this does not conflict with the site's intended end state or otherwise create and would not cause unacceptable <u>adverse</u> impacts on the environment and amenity.; a. b. Proposals should be supported by a masterplan to provide a clear and consistent framework for the development and in order to put each waste management proposal in the context of the overall decommissioning for the Winfrith site. b. c. The on-site storage of Low Level Waste and Intermediate Level Waste from legacy uses or decommissioning activities in existing or newly constructed safe facilities will continue until such times as the decommissioning programme and wider national waste management strategy allow for its movement to longer term storage, management or disposal facilities. 	To provide clarity with regards to the on-site management of waste and specific reference to the restoration type. To provide clarity with regards to the preparation of a masterplan. (Replaces

		e. d. Use of the rail sidings should be maximised where it is <u>economically and logistically</u> feasible to do so, both for the exportation of <u>waste</u> materials and for the importation <u>and exportation</u> of equipment needed for decommissioning of the site., and their retention post-decommissioning should be considered in the interests of securing a long-term rail freight opportunity;	deleted criterion f). To clarify circumstances.
		d. <u>e.</u> The potential for <u>vehicular</u> access via Dorset Innovation Park should be investigated, in consultation with stakeholders, to minimise pressure from decommissioning traffic and waste movements upon Gatemore Road and to secure greater use of the A352, in the interests of highway safety and amenity. Restoration should also take account of how the site's configuration and access arrangements will establish a logical eastern boundary with Dorset Innovation Park; and	
		e. <u>f.</u> The restoration programme should have regard to the opportunity for land at the northern end, which lies within the Dorset Innovation Park Enterprise Zone boundary, to be considered for uses which contribute to the Innovation Park's status as a strategic employment site. ; and	
		f. All development development subject to Environmental Impact Assessment should involve substantive pre-application engagement with the Waste Planning Authority and should be informed by a masterplan.	
		A Supplementary Planning Document will be produced by the Waste Planning Authority to provide further details, guidance and principles for the decommissioning of the whole site for its next planned	
		<u>use. This The Waste Planning Authority</u> will seek sustainable outcomes for the local community in accordance with the policies of this Plan, having regard to the on-site designation and proximity of European designated nature conservation habitat, potential mitigation approaches, legacy opportunities and, if appropriate, community benefits.'	To remove the policy requirement to prepare an SPD.
MM11.11	Additional paragraphs to follow Policy 10	Insert two additional paragraphs to follow Policy 10, as follows: <u>'The provision of community benefits can play an important part in ensuring that regional or national needs in radioactive waste management are met in a way that is fair and reasonable for host communities. If, as part of decommissioning, radioactive contaminated structures are to be left in- situ and/or on-site disposal of radioactive and/or hazardous waste is undertaken, then consideration should be given to the offer of fair and proportionate community benefits if this would offset adverse environmental impacts in a manner consistent with nationally accepted good practice.</u>	To provide an explanation of community benefits to assist with interpretation of Policy 10.

MM11.15	Paragraph 11.56	Amend final sentence as follows: 'Manures and slurries arising from agricultural activities and spread on land for agricultural benefit do not fall within the terms of the Waste Framework Directive and therefore are not considered as waste.'	To avoid confusion as farm wastes (such as slurry)
		Inset 12 – Gillingham Expansion to service planned Sowage Treatment Expansion to service planned Works, Common Mead Expansion to service planned Lane, Gillingham housing allocations in North Dorset Inset 13 12 – Maiden Extension to service catchment Newton Sewage Works, south of Maiden Newton Extension to service catchment growth Final Action	Gillingham STW. There is no need to allocate to the site in the Waste Plan
MM11.14	Table following para 11.51	Amendment to table as follows: Allocated Site	Planning permission has been granted for the expansion of
MM11.13	Para 11.51	Amendment to paragraph as follows: 'Discussions with Wessex Water have concluded that the following-two sites will require physical expansion to accommodate additional plant and apparatus within the early part of the Plan period. Extensions to these sites are <u>An extension is</u> allocated in the Waste Plan.'	Planning permission has been granted for the expansion of Gillingham STW. There is no need to allocate to the site in the Waste Plan
	3 rd sentence	Amend third sentence as follows: 'Any future proposals for <u>waste management</u> development at the Tradebe Inutec site would need to comply with Policy 9 and other relevant policies of this Plan.'	clarification
MM11.12	Para 11.46,	Community benefit schemes are separate from the planning process; they are not a material planning consideration and will not be taken into account by the Waste Planning Authority during the planning application process. Any community benefits package will be in addition to any mitigation secured through planning conditions or, where relevant, legal agreements.'	To provide

			are classified as waste development.
Chapter 12	Development Ma	anagement	
MM12.1	Paragraph 12.29	Amend paragraph from forth sentence as follows: The strategic <u>and primary read route</u> network <u>s (shown on Figure 10)</u> , <u>comprising trunk reads and</u> <u>other primary routes</u> , and <u>regional routes</u> , is <u>are</u> generally suitable for HGVs since such routes are able to satisfactorily accommodate larger vehicles. <u>Encouraging wW</u> aste traffic <u>should wherever</u> <u>practicable to</u> use this higher quality network <u>will to</u> reduce environmental and safety problems on less suitable roads. It will be important to consider each proposal on its merits as some sections of the strategic network suffer congestion, junction capacity issues and community severance. Good design principles and planning conditions can also help to deliver an appropriate and acceptable solutions such as limiting the hours of HGV movements and <u>formal</u> routing agreements.	To provide clarification and strengthen the intention that the strategic and primary routes should be used by HGVs.
MM12.2	Paragraph 12.58	Additional text/amendment to paragraph as follows: 'Proposals for new waste facilities and enhancements to existing facilities should consider the inclusion of sustainable construction measures including Measures that can be taken include but are not limited to,'	To provide clarification that this policy applies to new waste management facilities and proposals to improve existing facilities.
MM12.3	Paragraph 12.58	Additional sentence at the end of paragraph 12.58 as follows; <u>'Alterations to existing waste management facilities may also be required to ensure sites satisfy the</u> <u>requirements of other statutory regimes.'</u>	To provide clarification that this policy applies to new waste management facilities and proposals to

			improve existing facilities.
MM12.4	Policy 15 – Sustainable construction and operation of facilities	Additional sentence added to the end of Policy 15 as follows: <u>'Proposals to alter existing waste management facilities to enhance their operational efficiency</u> <u>and/or incorporate the above climate change mitigation and resilience measures will be encouraged</u> <u>where they do not result in unacceptable or cumulative impacts</u> .'	To provide clarification that this policy applies to new waste management facilities and proposals to improve existing facilities.
MM12.5	Paragraph 12.64	Additional sentence at the end of paragraph: <u>'Sealed drainage systems will often be required, due to the management of waste on site, in order to</u> <u>reduce impacts on the water environment.</u>	To provide clarification and an example of how water resources can be protected, this was an issue raised by the Environment Agency to many of the site allocations.
MM12.6	Para 12.101	 Deletion of the final sentence of paragraph and additional section following para 12.101 as follows <u>*The relevant aerodrome operator will consider the potential bird strike hazard of the proposed development.</u> <u>*Proposals for waste development within airfield safeguarding areas should include an aviation impact assessment. An aviation impact assessment should comprise of the following information so that an assessment can be made, by the relevant aerodrome operator, to ensure the safe operation of aircraft;</u> <u>Wildlife Strike Risk</u> - The storage of waste has the potential to create habitats that will encourage hazardous species of wildlife which may have a direct impact on Areodrome 	To provide adequate protection to aircraft operating in close proximity to waste facilities.

		 Safeguarding. As a result a wildlife strike risk assessment and mitigation plan will be required for relevant proposals. It may be necessary for proposals to prepare bird management plans and monitoring programmes to ensure on-site housekeeping is strictly managed and no waste is stored outdoors that would attract birds. 2. Air Traffic Control (ATC)- Details of all lighting proposed should be made available and an assessed undertaken to ensure that there is no impact on sightlines from ATC or aircraft operating from or in the vicinity of the waste development. 3. Air Traffic Engineering - Waste developments using radio communications for site wide coordination will need to provide the airport authorities with details to ensure there is no interference with critical equipment or communication frequencies. 4. Obstacle Limitation Surfaces - Within 15km of an airport, there are a series of protected surfaces that should be kept clear of any upstanding non-frangible obstacles to ensure the safe operation of aircraft. This not only includes permanent structures but also temporary structures and tall plant such as cranes and stacks. Details of equipment and structures of this type should be included within proposals. 	
MM12.7	Policy 20	Amendment to Policy as follows: 'Proposals for waste management facilities partly or completely within an Airfield Safeguarding Area will only be permitted where the applicant can demonstrate demonstrate <u>through an aviation impact</u> <u>assessment</u> that the proposed development and, where relevant, restoration and afteruse of the site, will not give rise to new or increased hazards to aviation.'	To provide adequate protection to aircraft operating in close proximity to waste facilities through the requirement to prepare an aviation impact assessment.
MM12.8	Policy 23	Amendment to Policy as follows:	To tighten the policy wording.

		'Proposals should have regard to demonstrate how they comply with the Landscape Management Guidelines and contribute to the targets of the Dorset Biodiversity Strategy.'	
MM12.9	Policy 12	Amendment to criterion 'b' of Policy as follows: 'b. the development makes provision for any highway and transport network improvements necessary to mitigate or compensate for any significant adverse impacts on the safety, capacity and use of a highway, railway, cycle way or public right of way. Where they are in the control of the developer, Improvements will be delivered in a timely manner to the satisfaction of the Local Highway Authority;'	For clarification
MM12.10	Policy 14	Amendment to final paragraph as follows: 'Relevant proposals will need to demonstrate how they take account of the AONB Management Plan objectives and policies. Consideration will be given to the sustainability benefits of siting a development that meets a local need within an Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty.'	To ensure the Plan reflects the AONB Management Plans.
MM12.11	Policy 14	Add additional paragraph at the end of Policy 14 as follows: 'Proposals should also demonstrate that it will not have an unacceptable adverse impact upon the character of the undeveloped coast within the West Dorset Heritage Coast and the Purbeck Heritage Coast.'	To ensure appropriate protection for the Heritage Coast.
MM12.12	Policy 15	Amendment to Policy as follows: 'Proposals for built waste management facilities will be expected to demonstrate that the site design, layout and operation make provision for take account of climate change mitigation and resilience through:'	To tighten the policy wording
MM12.13	Policy 16	Amendment to criterion d of Policy as follows: 'there would not be a loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land (Grades 1, 2 and 3a) unless the environmental, social and/or economic benefits of the proposal outweigh this loss and it can be demonstrated that the proposals has avoided the highest grades of land.'	For clarification
MM12.14	Policy 17	Additional wording and amendment to Policy as follows:	To tighten the policy wording.

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		[•] <u>Proposals for new waste management facilities should demonstrate that they have applied the</u> Sequential Test in areas known to be at risk from flooding.	
		Proposals for new waste management facilities within Flood Zones 2 and 3 and of one hectare or greater within Flood Zone 1 must be accompanied by a Flood Risk Assessment (FRA). This must take into account cumulative effects with other existing or proposed developments and climate change.'	
			- · ·
MM12.15	Paragraphs 12.96-12.97	Amend as follows: '12.96 Waste development has the potential to adversely affect the historic environment, including through direct loss of assets, partial damage or degradation from the impacts of emissions or traffic for example. The significance of a heritage asset is an important consideration as the severity of impact will depend on the nature and significance of the asset as well as the type of development proposed. Additionally, impact on the setting of an historic asset must be taken into account. Consideration of a proposal's impact on setting includes whether the development can be seen, heard, felt or smelt from an historic asset. Useful guidance on managing change within the settings of heritage assets is provided by Historic England and should be referred to where necessary. The significance of heritage assets is an important consideration as the severity of impact will depend on the nature and significance of the asset as well as the type of development proposed. 12.97 In line with the National Planning Policy Framework, applications for waste development are expected to consider the effects of the proposal on the historic environment and demonstrate how these will be avoided or mitigated. Where heritage assets would be affected, an assessment should be provided including a description of the significance of those assets, including the potential impact of the proposal on the significance of those assets should be considered. Applications chould include a description of the significance of those assets, including any contribution made to their setting, and assessment of the effects of the proposal, including the potential impact of the proposal on the significance of those assets, should be considered. Applications chould include a description of the significance of those assets, including any contribution made by their setting-Historic England guidance on this matter should be followed. (The Setting of Heritage Assets (2nd Editon) - Historic Environment Good Practice Advice in	To provide clarification on information to be provided with planning applications and to update the reference to the Historic England guidance document.
		heritage.org.uk/publications/setting heritage assets/) This exercise should include consultation of the	
		Historic Environment Record and assessment of heritage assets using appropriate expertise where	
		necessary. This should be taken into account in the proposal.'	
MM12.16	Paragraph	Add the following sentence to the end of the paragraph:	For clarification
	12.99	'Proposals that may affect archaeological remains should be accompanied by an appropriate	
		archaeological assessment and, where necessary, a field evaluation.'	

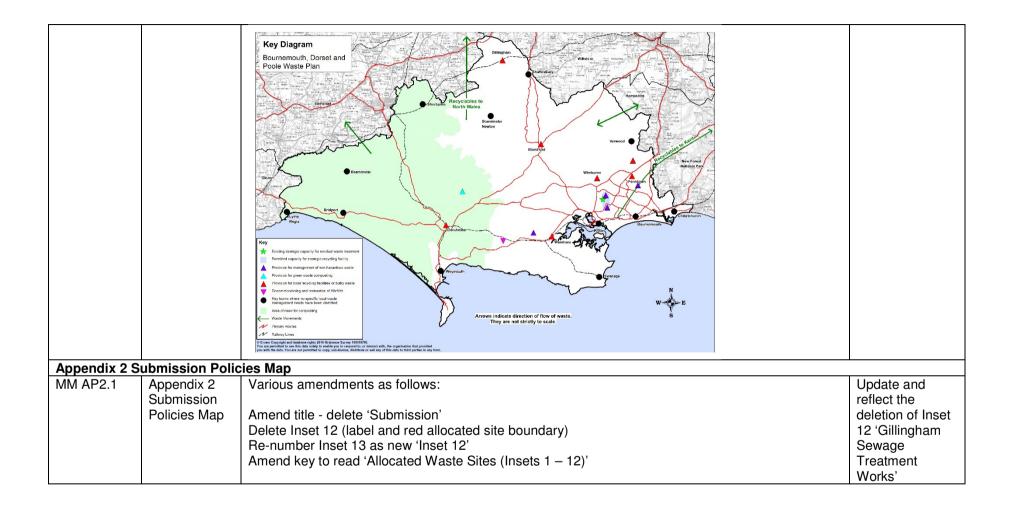
MM12.17	Policy 19	Amend the policy as follows: Proposals for waste management facilities will be permitted where it is demonstrated that heritage assets and their settings will be conserved and/or enhanced in a manner appropriate to their significance. Adverse impacts on heritage assets should be avoided or mitigated to an acceptable level. Where a proposal would result in significant harm to a horitage asset, it will only be permitted if it is demonstrated that there are exceptional circumstances. Great weight will be given to the conservation (protection and enhancement) of Bournemouth, Dorset & Poole's designated heritage assets and their settings including listed buildings, conservation areas, historic parks and gardens, scheduled monuments and non-designated heritage assets of archaeological interest that are demonstrably of equivalent significance to scheduled monuments. Proposals resulting in harm to the significance of a designated heritage asset will only be permitted if this is justified, having regard to the public benefits of the proposal and whether it has been demonstrated that all reasonable efforts have been made to mitigate the extent of the harm to the significance of the asset. Where a proposal directly or indirectly affects non-designated heritage assets, the Waste Planning Authority will have regard to the scale of any harm or loss and the significance of the heritage asset. Where harm can be fully justified, archaeological excavation and/or historic building recording as appropriate will be required, followed by analysis and publication of the results. Proposals that may affect archaeological remains should be accompanied by an appropriate archaeological assessent and, where appropriate	To better reflect the NPPF
MM12.18	Policy 22		For clarification

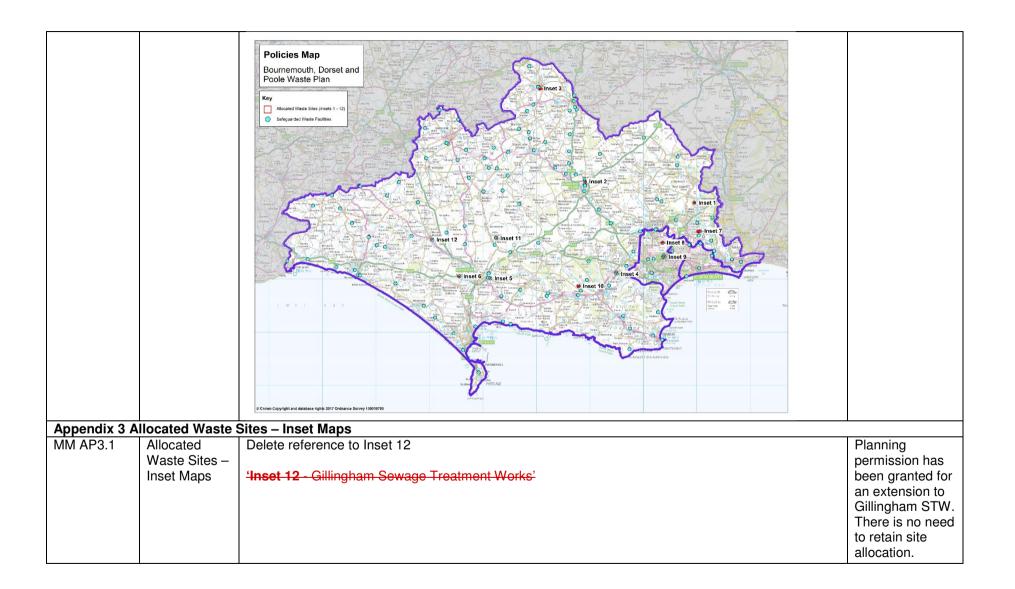
		'Financial contributions towards the off-site provision of adequate waste management infrastructure to accommodate a non-waste development may be required where the Waste Planning Authority considers this necessary, in accordance with the Community Infrastructure Regulations 2010 (as <u>amended</u>), unless it is demonstrated that existing waste management infrastructure serving the development is adequate.'	
MM12.19	Para12.119	Additional paragraph as follows: 'Although the Waste Plan has a strong commitment to reducing the amount of waste which is landfilled in accordance with the waste hierarchy, the Waste Plan acknowledges the continuing role of landfill for both pre-treated waste and inert waste albeit to a limited extent. In addition, there are a number of existing sites in Dorset that are likely to close during the Plan period. As a result, it is essential to ensure that landfill sites, together with any other temporary waste management facilities, are subject to appropriate restoration and aftercare regimes Waste may be managed in a range of different types of facility, most of which will be permanent but some of which may be temporary.'	For clarification
MM12.20	Policy 21	Amendment to Policy as follows:'a. they would serve to support an established waste facility and deliver operational and/or amenity improvements; andb. there is a clear need for the development to an extent that would be deemed by the Waste Planning Authority to demonstrate very special circumstances and any harm is outweighed by other considerations, and that need cannot be met by alternative suitable non-Green Belt sites; and'	For clarification
MM12.21	Policy 18	Amendment to Policy to include sub-headings:'Policy 18 – Biodiversity and geological interestNatura 2000 SitesProposals for waste management facilities must not adversely affect the integrity of European or Ramsar or other internationally designated sites, either alone or in combination with other plans and projects, unless the tests set out under Article 6(4) of the Habitats Directive/Regulation 64 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 are met.Sites of national and local importance	For clarification

		 Proposals for waste management facilities which do not adversely affect the integrity of European or Ramsar sites or other internationally designated sites will only be permitted where adverse impacts on biodiversity and/or geodiversity will be: avoided; or where an adverse impact cannot be avoided, the impact will be adequately mitigated; or where adverse impacts cannot be avoided or adequately mitigated, compensation will result in the maintenance or enhancement of biodiversity / geodiversity. Wherever practicable, proposals should enhance biodiversity and geological interest. <u>All relevant P-proposals</u> should be accompanied by an objective assessment of the potential effects of the development on features of biodiversity and/or geological interest, taking into account cumulative impacts with other development and the potential impacts of climate change' 	
Chapter 13 S	Safeguarding		
MM13.1	Table 11 Types of facilities safeguarded	Amendment to the section of the table referring to 'Non-hazardous landfill sites' as follows: 'Both existing sites safeguarded until expiry of planning permission throughout the Plan period.	Modification reflects the importance of husbanding remaining capacity for the disposal of non- hazardous waste to assist Dorset to achieve self- sufficiency.
MM13.2	Policy 24	Amend second paragraph as follows: 'The Waste Planning Authority will resist <u>T</u> he loss of or impact on Safeguarded Waste Facilities, through redevelopment or change of use, either on the site or with in the Waste Consultation Area, for any purposes other than waste management <u>is unacceptable and will be resisted by the Waste</u> <u>Planning Authority</u> , unless there would be no adverse impact on the current or future operation of the Safeguarded Waste Facility'	To tighten the policy wording

	Implementation		-
MM14.1	Paragraph 14.14	Delete sentence 3 and 4 as follows: 'The majority of policies contained in the Waste Plan are intended to cover the whole Plan period. Policy 3 'Sites allocated for waste management development' will remain relevant until all of the site allocations are built out. The only other policy that may have a shorter timescale is Policy 10 'Decommissioning and restoration of Winfrith' this is because it is hoped that the decommissioning and restoration of the land covered by this policy to an Interim Ends State could be achieved by 2033. If this target is not reached the objectives set out in the policy will remain in place until restoration is complete.'	To reflect the changes made to Policy 10 and the accompanying text – see above.
MM14.2	Table 12 Waste Plan Monitoring Framework	Amendment to 'key Indicator(s)' in relation to Policy 10 as follows: 'Production of SPD' 'Preparation of a masterplan to support applications'	To reflect the changes made to Policy 10 and the accompanying text – see above.
MM14.3	Table 12 Waste Plan Monitoring Framework	Amendment to 'Target' in relation to Policy 10 as follows: 'Achievement of interim end state by 2023'	To reflect the changes made to Policy 10 and the accompanying text – see above.
MM14.4	Table 12 Waste Plan Monitoring Framework	Amendment to 'Implementation Issues' in relation to Policy 10 as follows: <u>'Policy relies on applicant preparing mater plan'</u>	To reflect the changes made to Policy 10 and the accompanying text – see above.
MM14.5	Table 12 Waste Plan Monitoring Framework	Amendment to 'key Indicator(s)' in relation to Policy 20 as follows: <u>'Preparation of an aviation impact assessment'</u>	Addition indicator to reflect the policy change to

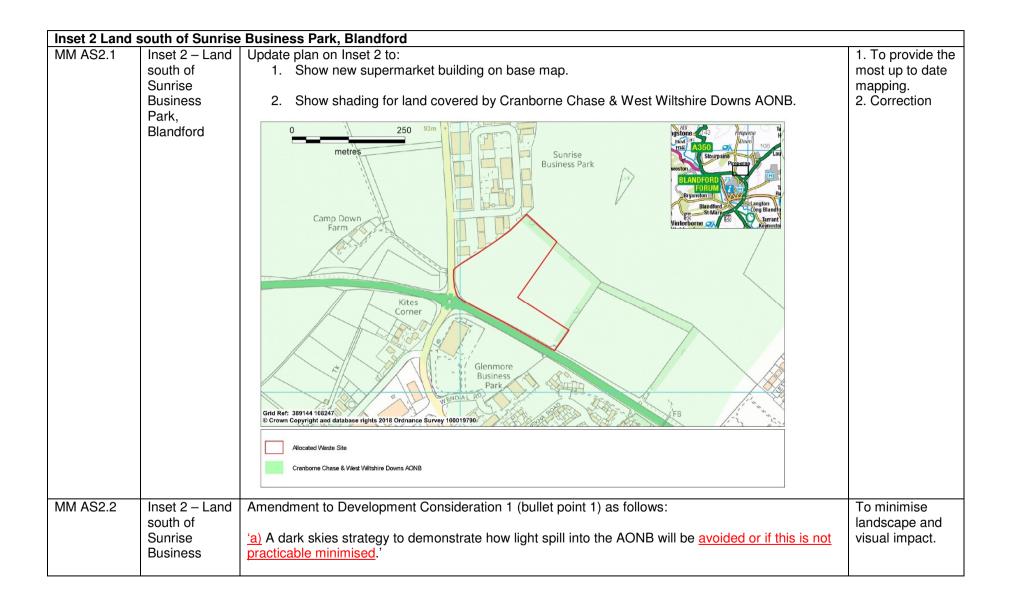
MM14.6	Table 12 Waste Plan Monitoring Framework	Amendment to 'Target' in relation to Policy 20 as follows: <u>'Proposal partly or completely within an Airfield Safeguarding Area not including an aviation impact</u> <u>assessment</u> '	require the preparation of aviation impact assessment for relevant proposals. Addition targets to reflect the policy change to require the preparation of aviation impact assessment for relevant
Appendix 1 K	ey Diagram	1	proposals.
MM AP1.1	Key Diagram	Amendment to key to change colour for 'Provision of green waste composting'	Correction





MM AP3.2	Allocated	Amendment to Inset 1 as follows:	Update to reflect
	Waste Sites –		the fact that the
	Inset Maps	'Inset 1- Area of search at Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, south east of Three Legged Cross'	allocated area is
			larger than the
			land required for
			waste facilities.
MM AP3.3	Allocated	Amendment to Inset 3 as follows:	Update to reflect
	Waste Sites –		the fact that the
	Inset Maps	'Inset 3 - Area of search at Brickfields Business Park, Gillingham'	allocated area is
			larger than the
			land required for
			a waste facility.
MM AP3.4	Allocated	Amendment to Inset 13 as follows:	Update to reflect
	Waste Sites –		the deletion of
	Inset Maps	'Inset 13-2- Maiden Newton Sewage Treatment Works'	Inset 12
			'Gillingham
			Sewage
			Treatment
			Works'
		al Estate, Three Legged Cross	
MM AS1.1	Inset 1 –	Change references to this site throughout the document:	To reflect the
	Woolsbridge		fact that only a
	Industrial	'Inset 1 – <u>Area of Search at</u> Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, Three Legged Cross'	proportion of the
	Estate, Three		site is required
	Legged Cross		for the proposed
			uses, consistent
			with Planning
			Practice
			Guidance on the
			preparation of
			Waste Plans.

MM AS1.2	Inset 1 – Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, Three Legged Cross	Add additional sentences at start of second paragraph as follows: <u>'There is a need for a transfer facility for local authority collected waste in East Dorset to bulk up</u> <u>recyclates and residual waste. There is also a need for a facility to manage bulky waste.'</u>	To clarify that the site has been allocated to meet an identified need for infrastructure to manage local authority collected waste, as set out in Identified Need 2.
MM AS1.3	Inset 1 – Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, Three Legged Cross	Amend Development Consideration 1 as follows: '1. <u>The applicant must provide sufficient information to enable the Waste Planning Authority to carry</u> <u>out</u> Appropriate Assessment <u>at the planning application stage</u> in accordance with the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017. <u>This should include</u> , as a minimum, Phase 2 Surveys for <u>Annex 1 birds to inform an assessment of the effects of development on the populations on site and</u> <u>in surrounding areas</u> .	For clarity
MM AS1.4	Inset 1 – Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, Three Legged Cross	Amend 'development consideration 3' as follows '3. Consideration of an appropriate buffer and mitigation to protect the <u>Dorset Heaths SAC, SPA and</u> <u>Ramsar, SSSI and</u> SNCI.'	To tighten the development consideration.
MM AS1.5	Inset 1 – Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, Three Legged Cross	Additional development consideration 4 'Depending on the precise location of development within the area of search and nature of the development the following mitigation may be necessary to reduce effects on European Sites to levels acceptable under the Habitats Regulations 2017: • Habitat enhancement works on land adjacent to the allocated site (including Woolsbridge Farm Carr SNCI) • A managed habitat buffer between the development and the European sites'	To tighten the development consideration.



	Park, Blandford		
MM AS2.3	Inset 2 – Land south of Sunrise Business Park, Blandford	Amendment to Development Consideration 1 (bullet point 2) as follows: <u>'b)</u> -Reduction of Means of reducing the formation levels of the building to minimise its visual impact.'	To minimise landscape and visual impact.
MM AS2.4	Inset 2 – Land south of Sunrise Business Park, Blandford	Amendment to Development Consideration 1 (bullet point 3) as follows: <u>'c)</u> Structural native tree and shrub planting at an appropriate scale and size to achieve <u>timely</u> screening and integration in keeping with landscape character. Consideration of wildflower/flowering meadow grass and verge areas.'	To minimise landscape and visual impact.
MM AS2.5	Inset 2 – Land south of Sunrise Business Park, Blandford	Amendment to Development Consideration 3 as follows: '3. Retention, protection and enhancement of the tree/hedge belts on the north-east and south-east field <u>boundaries and, wherever practicable, the south-west edge of the site</u> . Details to be included in landscape management plan.'	To minimise landscape and visual impact.
MM AS2.6	Inset 2 – Land south of Sunrise Business Park, Blandford	Additional Development Consideration 8 as follows: <u>'Demonstration that the tests set out in paragraph 115 and 116 of the National Planning Policy</u> <u>Framework are met.'</u>	To reflect the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework.
MM AS2.7	Inset 2 – Land south of Sunrise Business Park, Blandford	Additional Development Consideration 9 as follows: <u>'Hydrogeological/contaminated land risk assessment. Preparation of a drainage strategy.'</u>	To ensure protection of water resources.
MM AS2.8	Inset 2 – Land south of	Delete final sentence of third paragraph:	This is not considered

	Sunrise Business Park, Blandford	'As such it is considered to present exceptional circumstances and sufficient public interest to justify a location within the AONB.'	necessary for the final Plan, the applicant would be expected to demonstrate exceptional circumstances in any case.
		s Park, Gillingham	
MM AS3.1	Inset 3 – Brickfields Business Park, Gillingham	Change references to this site throughout the document: 'Inset 3 – <u>Area of Search at</u> Brickfields Business Park, Gillingham.'	To reflect the fact that only a proportion of the site is required for the proposed use, consistent with Planning Practice Guidance on the preparation of Waste Plans.
MM AS3.2	Inset 3 – Brickfields Business Park, Gillingham	Additional Development Consideration 8 as follows: <u>'An adequate buffer should be provided to protect the River Stour and Lodden'</u>	To ensure protection of water resources.
MM AS.3	Inset 3 – Brickfields Business Park, Gillingham	Additional Development Consideration 9 as follows: <u>'Any existing contaminated land would require site investigation, risk assessment and remedial</u> <u>options appraisal.</u>	To ensure protection of water resources and no groundwater contamination.

Inset 4 Land	at Blackhill Road	d, Holton Heath	
MM AS4.1	Inset 4 – Land at Blackhill Road, Holton Heath	Amend second paragraph as follows: 'There is a need for a transfer facility <u>for local authority collected waste</u> in Purbeck <u>for to</u> bulk ing up recyclates and residual waste. There is also a need to re-locate <u>the Dorset Waste Partnership's</u> existing waste vehicle depot which could be accommodated on this site.	To clarify that the site has been allocated to meet an identified need for infrastructure to manage local authority collected waste, as set out in Identified Need 2.
MM AS4.2	Inset 4 – Land at Blackhill Road, Holton Heath	Additional paragraph following paragraph 2 as follows: <u>'If it can be demonstrated that there is no longer a need for such a facility, transfer of C&I and/or</u> <u>CDE waste can be considered where this would be of a comparable nature.</u>	To enable other types of waste transfer to come forward where appropriate.
MM AS4.3	Inset 4 – Land at Blackhill Road, Holton Heath	Additional Development Consideration 4 as follows: <u>'4. Any existing contaminated land would require site investigation, risk assessment and remedial</u> <u>options appraisal.</u>	To ensure protection of water resources and no groundwater contamination.
Inset 5 Loud	smill, Dorchester	r	I
MM AS5.1	Inset 5 – Loudsmill, Dorchester	Amendment to Development Consideration 6 as follows: '6. Consideration and assessment of the potential impacts of development on the significance and setting of the Mount Pleasant and Conquer Barrow Scheduled Monuments. Appropriate mitigation to respond to this assessment should be put in place.'	To ensure protection of the historic environment.
MM AS5.2	Inset 5 – Loudsmill, Dorchester	Amendment to Development Consideration 7 as follows:	To ensure protection of water resources

MM AS5.3	Inset 5 – Loudsmill, Dorchester	 'Development must include careful management of drainage and surface water runoff to avoid impacts on the water quality of the River Frome (SSSI). <u>This should include a buffer comprising wet woodland planting, of native species.</u>' Additional Development Consideration 10 as follows: <u>'10. Any existing contaminated land would require site investigation, risk assessment and remedial options appraisal.</u>' 	and to mitigate against adverse impacts on ecology. To ensure protection of water resources and no groundwater contamination.
MM AS5.4	Inset 5 – Loudsmill, Dorchester	Arendment to Inset 5 map to reflect updated Scheduled Monument boundary	To provide the most up to date mapping.

Inset 6 Old Ra	set 6 Old Radio Station, Dorchester				
MM AS6.1	Inset 6 – Old Radio Station, Dorchester	Amend first paragraph, second and third sentences, and add two additional paragraphs as follows: 'There is a need for a transfer facility <u>for local authority collected waste</u> in the Dorchester area for the <u>to</u> bulking up <u>ef</u> recyclates and residual waste from Dorchester and surrounding areas. There is also a need for a <u>local authority</u> vehicle depot for the storage of waste vehicles. If it can be demonstrated that there is no longer a need for such a facility, transfer of C&I and/or CDE waste can be considered where this would be of a comparable nature. A transfer station would comprise a building within which to store and bulk up waste materials. A waste vehicle depot would comprise hard standing for the storage of waste vehicles and staff cars. Office accommodation, wash down and fuelling facilities and possibly a workshop could be provided.'	To clarify that the site has been allocated to meet an identified need for infrastructure to manage local authority collected waste, as set out in Identified Need 2, and to enable other types of waste transfer to come forward where appropriate. To include commentary on nature of proposed use, in order to be consistent with Inset 4.		
MM AS6.2	Inset 6 – Old Radio Station, Dorchester	 Amendment to Development Consideration 1 as follows: 1. Landscape-led masterplan approach to the design of the site to mitigate so that any adverse impacts upon the AONB are mitigated satisfactorily. The masterplan should take into account the following design considerations: a. Maintaining the baseline position as far as practicable. To include retention of the existing façade of the southern elevation; and retention of and management of existing tree and shrub planting. 	To reflect in the Plan the design guidelines included in the Inset 6 Site Assessment (Document Reference WPDCC-16), to		

		 b. <u>Mitigation of</u> any adverse landscape and visual impacts, taking into account the setting of Maiden Castle Scheduled Monument,. To include minimising scale and mass of buildings; minimising light pollution and visual impacts of security fencing; use of suitable high-quality materials; and use of new soft landscape treatment to help integrate the development. c. and to provide enhancement opportunities. Achieve enhancement. To include review of signage and colour of southern elevation façade and design of gateway to site to provide enhancement opportunities. ' 	ensure protection and enhancement of the landscape and historic environment.
MM AS6.3	Inset 6 – Old Radio Station, Dorchester	Additional Development Consideration 4 as follows: <u>4. Any existing contaminated land would require site investigation, risk assessment and remedial options appraisal.</u>	To ensure protection of water resources and no groundwater contamination.
MM AS6.4	Inset 6 – Old Radio Station, Dorchester	Additional Development Consideration 5 as follows: <u>5. Site is in a more sensitive location on the Chalk Major Aquifer of Principal designation. Detailed</u> <u>risk assessment to accompany and inform application.</u>	To ensure protection of water resources and no groundwater contamination.
MM AS6.5	Inset 6 – Old Radio Station, Dorchester	Additional Development Consideration 6 as follows: <u>Demonstration that the tests set out in paragraph 115 and 116 of the National Planning Policy</u> <u>Framework are met.</u>	To reflect the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework.
Inset 7 Eco S	Sustainable Solut	tions	
MM AS7.1	Inset 7 – Eco Sustainable Solutions	Amendment to Development Consideration 4 as follows: 'The issues of appropriate stack height, <u>building orientation</u> , colour and lighting must be addressed with regards to aerodrome safeguarding <u>(including radar reflections and shadows)</u> and minimising landscape impacts'	For clarification

MM AS7.2	Inset 7 – Eco	Amendment to Development Consideration 10 as follows:	To reduce flood
	Sustainable Solutions	Application of the sequential test required as small parts of the site are situated within flood zones 2	risk.
	Solutions	and 3 and the requirement to prepare a Flood Risk Assessment to assess fluvial flood risk, other	
		sources of flood risk and management of surface water. Proposals should also demonstrate that	
		there will be no adverse effects on flood risk mitigation measures required to develop the adjacent	
		employment site.'	
MM AS7.3	Inset 7 – Eco	Additional Development Consideration 11 as follows:	To ensure
	Sustainable		adequate
	Solutions	Development must include measures to protect land and groundwater from contamination and oil	protection of
		storage.'	water resources/ reduce
			contamination.
MM AS7.4	Inset 7 – Eco	Additional Development Consideration 12 as follows:	To ensure there
	Sustainable		are no adverse
	Solutions	'Given the proximity of the site to the Airport, developments should demonstrate, through the	bird strike issues
		preparation of a Bird Management Plan, that that there are no unacceptable bird stick hazards	associated with
		arising from proposals'.	development.
MM AS7.5	Inset 7 – Eco Sustainable	Amendment to Development Consideration 1 as follows:	For clarification
	Solutions	'The applicant must provide sufficient information to enable the Waste Planning Authority to carry out	
	Colutions	Appropriate Assessment in accordance with the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations	
		2017.'	
MM AS7.6	Inset 7 – Eco	Additional Development Consideration 13 as follows:	For clarification
	Sustainable	Consideration should be sized to the exection of a buffer some in the south cost postion of the site	
	Solutions	<u>'Consideration should be given to the creation of a buffer zone in the south-east section of the site</u> and a carefully designed surface water drainage system to help ensure no hydrological effects on	
		the European Sites.'	
In each O L and a			
MM AS8.1	at Canford Magn Inset 8 – Land	Delete reference to 'Major Developed Site in the Green Belt' from the text as follows:	Update required
IVIIVI AGO. I	at Canford		to reflect the fact
	Magna, Poole	'This is an established facility, with dedicated access and with a relatively small number of sensitive	that once the
		receptors in the vicinity. The site is in the South-East Dorset Green Belt but is classed as previously	new Poole Plan
			is adopted this

MM AS8.2	Inset 8 – Land at Canford Magna, Poole	developed land. is identified in Poole's Development Plan as a Major Developed Site in the Green Bolt.' Bolt.' Amendment to Development Consideration 2 as follows: 'Ecological mitigation likely to be required due to extension of the site and given proximity of the SSSI. This should include the mitigation of any loss of wet habitat from future development and an appropriate buffer from the SSSI.'	policy will be superseded. The Plan does not propose that the site is allocated as a 'Major developed Site in the Green Belt' To provide further clarification
MM AS8.3	Inset 8 – Land at Canford Magna, Poole	Amendment to Inset 8 map to include bridleway 118	To provide factually correct mapping

MM AS8.4	Inset 8 – Land	Implicit on the set of t		To provide	
	at Canford Magna, Poole	'4. Given the site's location within the South-East	Additional Development Consideration 4 as follows: <u>'4. Given the site's location within the South-East Dorset Green Belt, applications will be considered</u> <u>against National Policy and Waste Plan Policy 21.</u> '		
MM AS8.5	Inset 8 – Land	Amend wording in table as follows:		To provide	
	at Canford Magna, Poole	Potential additional capacity	Site has been assessed for circa 25,000tpa of additional capacity for residual waste management.	clarification	
Inset 10 Binn	egar Environme	ntal Park			
MM AS10.1	Inset 10 – Binnegar Environmental Park	Additional Development Consideration 6 as follows: <u>'Consideration will need to be given to an appropriate buffer from the River Piddle.'</u>		To ensure adequate protection of	

			water resources.
MM AS10.2	Inset 10 – Binnegar Environmental Park	Amendment to Development Consideration 1 as follows: ' <u>The applicant must provide sufficient information to enable the Waste Planning Authority to carry out</u> Appropriate Assessment <u>at the planning application stage</u> in accordance with the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017.'	For clarification.
Inset 11 Bour	ne Park, Piddler	ninton	
MM AS11.1	Inset 11 – Bourne Park, Piddlehinton	Amendment to Development Consideration 1 as follows' 'The scale, height, mass and overall design of all structures, boundary features and other infrastructure, including lighting, should respect the site's overall open character and help to minimise landscape and visual impacts including providing protection to the historic character of <u>Piddlehinton Camp, as appropriate.'</u>	To ensure that the Waste Plan and the Piddle Valley Neighbourhood Plan provide consistent advice with regards to development at Piddlehinton Enterprise Park and Bourne Park.
MM AS11.2	Inset 11 – Bourne Park, Piddlehinton	Amendment to Development Consideration 3 as follows: <u>'Vehicles accessing the facility should, wherever possible, come from the major road network in the south.</u> <u>South.</u> Access to the site should be via the existing Piddlehinton Enterprise Park, avoiding London Row.'	Given the potential increase in vehicle movements the amendment would encourage traffic to access the

			site from the major road network in the south rather than from the north via the Piddle Valley Villages.
Inset 12 Gilli	ngham STW	T	
MM AS12.1	Inset 12 – Gillingham STW	Delete Site Allocation	Planning permission has been granted for an extension to Gillingham STW. There is no need to retain site allocation.
Inset 13 Maid	len Newton		
MM AS13.1	Inset 13 – Maiden Newton	Re-number Inset 13 as 'Inset 12 – Maiden Newton Sewage Treatment Works'	To reflect the deletion of Inset 12